adjusted to 100 ml with the same diluent.( six samples injected directly, six samples were left for 24 hrs at 4°C and six samples were left for 24 hrs at 25°C).

## 2.11. Placebo solution preparation

A placebo solution prepared based on the excipients present in a tablet without having any active-ingredients. A placebo solution was prepared by addition of 1:1:1 (water: ACN: methanol) and then analyzed in the analytical system.

## 2.12. Wavelength Selection

UV-VIS scan within a range of 200-550 nm was applied for each solution of glimepiride, atorvastatin and amlodipine. A maximum absorbance was observed for each drug in a range of 230-240 nm.

## 2.13. Method Development

The effect of different chromatographic conditions on the separation of amlodipine, atorvastatin and glimepiride were studied such as pH, ion pair, composition of mobile phase and column to find out the most proper method for the determination of these drugs. Different trials of analysis were performed as indicated below:

Trial 1:

Column	BDS Hypersil C18 (PART NO 28205-254630)
	BIM. (mm) 250*4.6, particle 5 μ
Solvent system	950 DW, 900 ml ACN, 600 ml methanol, pH 7
(mobile phase)	
Detection	UV detector 237 nm
Injection volume	10 μ1
Flow rate	1.5 ml\min
Oven Temperature	25°c